The directors present their report on the Australian Physiotherapy Association (APA) and controlled entities for the year ended 31 December 2024. The names of directors in office and their relevant qualifications, experience and special responsibilities at the date of this report are as follows.



Directors' report

Auditor's independence declaration



MARK ROUND CHAIR OF THE BOARD

BAPPSC(PHYSIO) GCERTSPORTSPHYSIO GRADCERTMGT GAICD APAM

Mark Round is the managing director of Symmetry Physiotherapy, a multidisciplinary physiotherapy and allied health group in Melbourne that operates out of nine sites.

Mark has been actively involved in APA governance since 2013, when he joined the Victorian branch council, serving as president in 2015 and 2016 before being elected to the APA Board of Directors in 2017. He is currently the chair of the APA Board of Directors, having previously served as one of the vice presidents. He is also a member of the Clinical Council of the North Western Melbourne Primary Health Network, is on the Program Advisory Committee for the Victoria University physiotherapy program and has previously been a board member of the Australian Physiotherapy Council.

Through these positions, Mark has been involved with many other committees, including the Primary Care Safety and Quality Framework Committee for the Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care; and the Physiotherapy Return to Work Advisory Group, a working party with the Health Services Disability Group for WorkSafe Victoria and the Transport Accident Commission.

Mark has also been heavily involved in other allied health advocacy and governance work, as the inaugural chair of the South West Allied Health Network in Melbourne and the allied health representative on the Clinical Leadership Committee for South Western Melbourne Medicare Local. He is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Special responsibilities 2025

 Australian College of Physiotherapists Steering Group



RIK DAWSON NATIONAL PRESIDENT

BAPPSC(PHTY) BCA GAICD APAM MACP

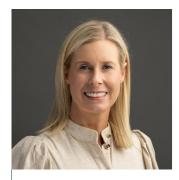
Rik Dawson graduated from the University of Sydney in 1993 and is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He is an APA Gerontological Physiotherapist who began his career as a paediatric physiotherapist working for NSW Health. In 2001, Rik embarked on an entrepreneurial journey by establishing Agewell, a private practice specialising in aged care, which he successfully managed until its acquisition in 2020. Rik is a post-doctoral researcher at the Institute for Musculoskeletal Health, the University of Sydney. His research interests lie at the intersection of telehealth and physiotherapy, aiming to expand the scope of practice across acute, primary and aged care settings and improve access to physiotherapy. Rik is one of the founding members of the Safe Exercise at Home group that created a website catering to older adults to enable them to exercise safely at home during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Rik has held leadership roles within the APA, serving as the national chair of the Gerontology group and as its National Advisory Council representative. He was also the APA representative on the National Aged Care Alliance from 2014 to 2016. Currently, Rik serves as the APA representative on the Aged Care Quality Standards Committee for the Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care. Passionate about enhancing physiotherapy's value proposition in healthcare, Rik actively engages with service funders such as state and federal health departments, insurers, researchers and consumers to ensure sustainable funding for physiotherapists. He advocates for evidence-based practice to drive positive outcomes for consumers and to bolster the physiotherapy profession's reputation within the community.

Special responsibilities

Australian College of Physiotherapists
 Steering Group

Directors' Report



HOLLY BRASHER
NATIONAL VICE PRESIDENT

BAPPSC(PHTY) MSPORTSPHYSIO GAICD APAM MACP

Holly Brasher is an APA Sports and Exercise
Physiotherapist who graduated from the University
of Sydney and then completed her Master of Sports
Physiotherapy at La Trobe University. Holly spent her
early career working in public and private hospitals
locally and overseas before moving into private
practice. She has experience in sports physiotherapy,
musculoskeletal physiotherapy, women's health and
working in high-performance environments. Holly is a
co-founder and director of SquareOne Physio, a multilocation private practice that operates from two locations
in Sydney with a growing team of more than 50 staff.

She has long been an active member of the APA Sports and Exercise national group and has served on the committee of the New South Wales branch of the group since 2013. She was the national chair for the Sports and Exercise group from 2015 to 2018. Holly has been on the APA's National Advisory Council and on numerous working parties and standing committees for the Australian College of Physiotherapists Council. She has detailed knowledge of the Career Pathways development and is in touch with the profession from clinical and training perspectives, as well as from an advocacy point of view. Her biggest achievement was leading the Sports group to include 'Exercise' in its name in 2018. Holly also chairs of the Australian College of Physiotherapists Steering Group.

Holly is passionate about promoting the role of physiotherapists in exercise delivery, creating lifelong careers for physiotherapists and increasing Australian physiotherapists' engagement with the APA. Holly has been on the Board of Directors since 2021 and she looks forward to continuing to advance the profession for the benefit of members and patients.

Special responsibilities 2025

- Chair of the Australian College of Physiotherapists Steering Group
- Nominations, Remuneration and Governance Committee



PETER TZIAVRANGOS NATIONAL VICE PRESIDENT

BAPPSC(PHYSIO) GAICD APAM

Peter Tziarvrangos is an accomplished healthcare leader with decades of experience in physiotherapy, business management, and governance. As the managing director of Move for Better Health, a multidisciplinary allied health clinic with three locations in South Australia, Peter has dedicated his career to improving the health and wellbeing of individuals through innovative and patient-centred care.

With a vision for high-value healthcare that prioritises safety, quality and accessibility, Peter has played pivotal roles on several boards and advisory committees, including the Australian Physiotherapy Association, Australian Physiotherapy Council, the University of the Sunshine Coast and the University of South Australia advisory committee. His expertise spans strategic planning and professional education, and fostering collaboration between healthcare providers, government and industry stakeholders. Before joining the APA Board, Peter was actively involved with the APA as chair of the APA Business group, which provides support for physiotherapy clinic owners in Australia.

Peter has served as national vice president since 2023 and, in this role, supports the president and chair of the Board in their duties.

Special responsibilities

- Chair of the Nominations, Remuneration and Governance Committee
- Audit and Risk Committee
- Insurance and Risk Committee



LEESA CHESSER NON-MEMBER DIRECTOR

Leesa Chesser is an Adelaide-based professional non-executive director, mentor and consultant. She had a successful career as Minister for Disabilities and Mental Health and Substance Abuse leading the \$723 million National Disability Insurance Scheme strategic decision-making, service reform and transformation in South Australia. Leesa has expertise in chairing infrastructure projects to the value of \$450 million and in highly regulated environments where 'social licence' to operate is at risk from cultural, clinical or systems failure.

Leesa is a board member at the Adelaide Festival, West Beach Parks, and a large mental health and wellbeing not-for-profit.

Trained in health economics, health information management and business at Queensland University of Technology, Leesa mentors start-up and scaleup founders at Stone & Chalk, Australia's largest emerging tech community, and has mentored women leaders in Vietnam, Indonesia, and Laos as a consultant to the Flinders University Gender Consortium. Leesa is an alum of the flagship diversity cohort, the Chair's Mentoring Program at the Australian Institute of Company Directors, With a desire to make an impact and aligned with United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, Leesa enjoys contributing to smart commercial decision-making focused on member value, sound governance and positive policy outcomes for the profession and health consumers. She is a fellow with Salzburg Global in the areas of health; the care economy; and gender equity, particularly for older women.

Special responsibilities

 Nominations, Remuneration and Governance Committee



RUTH FAULKNER NON-MEMBER DIRECTOR

BSC (HONS) CA FAICD

Ruth Faulkner graduated from the University of Warwick in England and went on to qualify as a Chartered Accountant with a large global accountancy practice in London. She is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia New Zealand and a recognised CA Risk Specialist.

Ruth lives in Far North Queensland and is a partner of Conus Business Consultancy Services. The practice provides strategy development, economic analysis, leadership and mentoring, governance and risk management services to clients throughout Australia. This gives Ruth unique insight into the challenges of living and working in a remote regional location and a robust understanding of the Australian small-tomedium business and community environment. Ruth is an experienced non-executive director, having served on several state and national boards. She served on the inaugural board of the North Queensland Primary Health Network for two terms and is currently the Board Chair of Neami National, one of Australia's largest community-based mental health organisations.

Ruth has extensive experience working with and chairing audit and risk committees. She is passionate about financial sustainability and capacity building within the not-for-profit sector. Having served on the APA Audit and Risk Committee since 2017, she was delighted to be appointed to the APA Board in 2022.

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee

Directors' Report



MELISSA MCCONAGHY DIRECTOR

BAPPSC(PHYSIO) GCERTPH MHSC FACP GAICD

Melissa McConaghy is a Specialist Neurological Physiotherapist (as awarded by the Australian College of Physiotherapists in 2010). She holds a Master of Health Science (Neurological Physiotherapy) and Graduate Certificate in Public Health in addition to her Bachelor of Applied Science in Physiotherapy.

Melissa owns and runs Advance Rehab Centre, a multi-site and community neurological rehabilitation service in Sydney; as well as PD Warrior, an education and training program for people living with Parkinson's disease, which is licensed across 10 countries globally.

Melissa's 24-year career in physiotherapy has been dedicated to community-based neuro rehab and upskilling other health professionals in Australia, and in developed and developing countries. She presents and educates internationally on topics such as Parkinson's, polio, stroke and robotics in rehab and curates the program for INSIGHT into Parkinson's, an annual online conference for people with Parkinson's.

Melissa has been active in the Australian Physiotherapy Association and Australian College of Physiotherapists in many volunteer roles throughout her career. As well as sitting on the Board of the APA, she is also the president-elect for the International Neurological Physiotherapy Association (INPA) for World Physiotherapy.

Melissa was awarded the Allied Health Awards Australian Physiotherapist of the Year in 2019, Small Business Champions Australian Entrepreneur of the Year in 2020, HESTA Impact Award in 2022, and the INPA President's Award in 2024.

Special responsibilities

- Chair of the Insurance and Safety Committee
- Audit and Risk Committee



CATHERINE WILLIS DIRECTOR

BAPPSC(PHTY) PGCERTPHTY (EXERCISE & WOMEN'S HEALTH) APAM MACP

Catherine Willis has been a proud APA member since her time as a student at the University of Sydney. Having worked across the private and public sectors in a variety of clinical areas, Catherine found her niche and passion for obstetrics and pelvic floor physiotherapy more than 20 years ago. She currently works as a physiotherapy team leader at Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital and also teaches undergraduate students at Australian Catholic University.

Catherine has made a significant contribution to the APA in her long tenure as a member. In particular, she has been involved in developing and providing quality professional development that is accessible to all members. She offers her ongoing expertise to support the women's, men's and pelvic health career pathway. More recently, as chair of the National Advisory Council, Catherine has showcased her leadership and communication skills, and developed a greater understanding of the needs and priorities of all physiotherapy practice areas.

Catherine has also held positions on the Insurance and Safety subcommittee and the Steering Committee of the Australian College of Physiotherapists. As an APA Board member, Catherine is focused on further strengthening the APA's position as an award-winning member organisation and physiotherapy as a highly valued profession.

Outside of work, Catherine's greatest love is for her two daughters, and she is very proud to be able to demonstrate her values, work ethic and compassion to them.

Special responsibilities 2025

 Nominations, Remuneration and Governance Committee



SCOTT WILLIS
IMMEDIATE PAST PRESIDENT

BAPPSC(PHYSIO) GAICD APAM

Scott Willis graduated as a physiotherapist in 1993 from the University of Sydney. He relocated to rural Tasmania and is the founding co-director of Coastal Physiotherapy, a multidisciplinary physiotherapy clinic focusing on a wide range of areas, including corporate health, outreach, pain management, aged care, the NDIS, Aboriginal health and general private practice services.

Scott has held numerous roles within the APA including national chair of the APA Business group from 2015 to 2018, member of the National Advisory Council from 2015 to 2018 and member of the Tasmania branch council from 2012 to 2018. He was elected to the APA Board of Directors in 2019 and as national president in 2021.

Scott has had extensive experience in policy and health reform, was the first elected allied health board member of General Practice North West (North West Tasmania Division of General Practice) and was appointed to the Tasmanian Medicare Local's Primary Health Care Strategic Advisory Council and the Clinical Advisory Council of Primary Health Tasmania. He is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

He has a significant interest in sustainable health funding and in health policy that's designed to effectively deliver services to all Australians in all areas of the country.

Special responsibilities

Audit and Risk Committee



Directors' Report

Directors' meeting attendance 2024		Meetings attended	Meetings total
Holly BRASHER	Director	8	8
Leesa CHESSER	Non-member Director	8	8
Rik Percival DAWSON	Director	8	8
Ruth FAULKNER	Non-member Director	8	8
Melissa MCCONAGHY	Director	8	8
Mark ROUND	Director	8	8
Peter TZIAVRANGOS	Director	7	8
Catherine WILLIS*	Director	8	8
Scott WILLIS	Director	8	8

^{*} Appointed 1 January 2024

All directors except those who are non-member directors hold tertiary qualifications in physiotherapy and are members of the Australian Physiotherapy Association. Jennifer Dalitz FCPA GAICD MBA(Exec) BA(Acc) was an independent member of the Audit and Risk Committee. Her final meeting on this committee was 18 November 2024. Kay Veitch FAICD FIML CAHRI JP is an independent member of the Nominations, Remuneration and Governance Committee. Vito Giudice is an independent member of the Insurance and Safety Committee.

Company secretary

Melanie Sherrin JD FGIA was appointed company secretary on 16 December 2024. Craig Maltman BBus CPA resigned as appointed company secretary on 16 December 2024.

Objectives of the Australian Physiotherapy Association

The Australian Physiotherapy Association is a not-for-profit company limited by guarantee. The APA is bound by the terms of its Constitution, part two of which outlines the objectives of the Association. The objectives are broad and permit the Association to engage in a wide range of activities focused on members, member services, advocacy, education and quality.

Review of operations and future developments

The APA farewelled Chief Executive Officer Anja Nikolic in March and welcomed her replacement Mr Rob LoPresti in early May 2024. The focus of the Association throughout 2024 concentrated heavily on supporting our members, advocating for them and focusing on key strategic initiatives that will underpin operations into the future, along with the financial stability of the Association. The year was considered an investment year for the APA with significant planned expenditure budgeted for. The Board had determined that it would utilise cash reserves to accelerate some of the agreed strategic initiatives. A loss of \$1.8 million was budgeted for as a result.

The initiatives, as outlined within our strategic plan, cover key deliverables for the establishment of first class career pathways and a strong Australian College of Physiotherapists; the communication of insights about the value of physiotherapy; quality advocacy for specific clinical streams like aged care, the Department of Veterans' Affairs and the National Disability

Insurance Scheme; and enhanced value for all members through the provision of support and tools to expand their practices and scope of practice.

Preparation for the development of a new strategic plan commenced in November 2024, with an expected completion in mid-2025.

Result

The consolidated loss for the year after income tax was \$761,392 (2023 surplus: \$592,030). The loss includes the activities of branches and national groups of the Association and of the controlled entity Physiotherapy Research Foundation. The result was a significant improvement on what was originally budgeted, primarily due to a higher than expected surplus arising from our Perth conference, the reprioritisation of certain projects into 2025 and a higher than expected underlying staff vacancy rate throughout the year.

Key revenue areas of Membership and Professional Development remained strong throughout the year despite the ongoing and well publicised cost of living crisis.

Members' quarantee

Australian Physiotherapy Association is a company limited by guarantee. The 33,919 members (2023: 32,682) of the Association have each undertaken to contribute the sum of 50 cents in the event of the Association being wound up.

Events since the end of the financial year

There are no subsequent events to report.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

29 April 2025

Mark Round Chair of the Board

Med lour

Rik Dawson National President



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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY ELIZABETH BLUNT TO THE DIRECTORS OF AUSTRALIAN PHSYIOTHERAPY ASSOCIATION

As lead auditor of Australian Physiotherapy Association for the year ended 31 December 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Australian Physiotherapy Association and the entities it controlled during the period.

Elizabeth Blunt

Director

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Melbourne, 29 April 2025

BDO Audit Pty Ltd ABN 33 134 022 870 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of A.C.N. 050 110 275 Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO Audit Pty Ltd and A.C.N. 050 110 275 Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

FINANCIALS

Statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive

income

Statement of financial position

Statement of changes in equity

Statement of cash flows

Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

Statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income

for the year ended 31 December 2024

No	otes	Consolidated 2024	Consolidated 2023
Revenue		18,944,316	20,127,887
Interest received		520,534	476,509
Other income		40,505	201,918
Total Revenue	3	19,505,355	20,806,314
Cost of sales		10,471	17,827
Conference & professional development		2,527,203	3,389,845
Employee costs		11,798,054	11,153,047
Professional services		574,712	558,004
Public relations		232,505	164,915
Marketing expense		657,115	466,111
Information technology expense		788,808	765,822
Travel and meeting expense		545,084	565,140
Publication expense		761,355	703,386
Subscriptions		235,566	215,553
Membership renewal expense		115,605	241,957
PRF grant expense		80,935	129,356
Occupancy costs		292,802	323,268
Depreciation & amortisation expense		393,840	348,308
Amortisation expense on right-to-use assets		267,304	274,658
Finance costs		282,791	273,215
Interest expense on leases		70,676	92,429
Administration expense		49,290	44,938
Other expenses		582,631	486,505
Total Expenses		20,266,747	20,214,284
(Deficit)/Surplus before income tax expense		(761,392)	592,030
Income tax (expense)/benefit		_	-
(Deficit)/Surplus attributable to the members		(761,392)	592,030
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of land & buildings		_	1,376,000
Unrealised gain on financial assets		408,266	373,717
Net gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		15,000	
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the members		(338,126)	2,341,747

The above statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

as at 31 December 2024

	Notes	Consolidated 2024	Consolidated 2023
Current assets			
Cash & cash equivalents	5	1,779,207	2,326,099
Financial assets	6	17,776,972	16,675,807
Trade & other receivables	7	183,761	207,758
Inventories		45,683	46,700
Prepayments	8	625,414	538,507
Total current assets		20,411,037	19,794,871
Non-current assets			
Property, plant & equipment	9	6,889,032	7,054,732
Right-of-use assets	10	1,027,975	734,703
Intangible assets	11	89,973	136,323
Investment property	12	975,000	975,000
Total non-current assets		8,981,980	8,900,758
Total assets		29,393,017	28,695,629
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	1,086,214	813,477
GST payable		662,749	390,762
Lease liabilities	14	336,489	399,456
Short-term provisions	15	1,666,871	1,634,756
Revenue received in advance	16	7,697,668	7,481,617
Total current liabilities		11,449,991	10,720,068
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	14	944,319	658,863
Long-term provisions	15	283,085	262,950
Other	17	100,000	100,000
Total non-current liabilities		1,327,404	1,021,813
Total liabilities		12,777,395	11,741,881
Net assets		16,615,622	16,953,748
Equity			
Reserves		2,561,998	2,138,732
Accumulated surplus		14,053,624	14,815,016
Total equity		16,615,622	16,953,748

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Financial asset revaluation reserve	Asset revaluation reserve	Accumulated surplus	Total
Consolidated balance at 1 January 2023	(260,582)	649,597	14,222,986	14,612,001
Comprehensive income				
Land & building revaluation	_	1,376,000	_	1,376,000
Unrealised gain on financial assets	373,717	_	_	373,717
Surplus attributable to members	_	_	592,030	592,030
Balance at 31 December 2023	113,135	2,025,597	14,815,016	16,953,748
Comprehensive income				
Unrealised gain on financial assets	423,266	_	_	423,266
Transfer of realised gain on financial assets at FVTOCI to accumulated surplus	(15,000)	-	15,000	_
Deficit attributable to members	_	_	(761,392)	(761,392)
Total comprehensive income	408,266	_	(746,392)	338,126
Balance at 31 December 2024	521,401	2,025,597	14,068,624	16,615,622

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows

for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	Consolidated 2024	Consolidated 2023
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from members/customers		20,576,283	22,298,437
Payments to suppliers/employees		(20,375,257)	(21,629,604)
Interest received		520,534	476,509
Interest paid for lease		(70,676)	(92,429)
Net cash provided by operating activities		650,884	1,052,913
Cash flows from investing activities			
Net payments for investments		(677,899)	(7,575,706)
Proceeds from sale of assets		_	1,364
Payments for plant & equipment	9	(168,276)	(116,926)
Payments for intangible assets	11	(13,514)	(121,016)
Net cash used in investing activities		(859,689)	(7,812,284)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payments for lease liabilities		(338,087)	(404,116)
Net cash used in investing activities		(338,087)	(404,116)
Net decrease in cash held		(546,892)	(7,163,487)
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		2,326,099	9,489,586
Cash at the end of the financial year	5	1,779,207	2,326,099

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

NOTE 1-Material accounting policy information

The material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

A. Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures. This includes compliance with the recognition and measurement requirements of all Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of AASB 1060 General Purpose Financial Statements – Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical convention except for, where applicable, certain classes of property, plant and equipment, financial assets and investment property.

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 1(N). The Company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified,

where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 29 April 2025 by the directors of the Company.

B. Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Australian Physiotherapy Association expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognised by applying a five-step

model as follows:

- Identify the contract with the customer.
- Identify the performance obligations.
- Determine the transaction price.
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations.
- Recognise revenue as and when control of the performance obligations is transferred.

Specific revenue streams

The Australian Physiotherapy Association recognises revenue from the following major sources:

- The sale of membership subscriptions.
- The provision of professional development courses and conferences.
- The sale of advertising in publications.
- The provision of sponsorship agreements and the endorsement of commercially available products.

Sale of membership subscriptions

The subscription year runs from 1 January to 31 December. Subscriptions are payable annually in advance or by monthly instalments. Only those membership subscriptions that are attributable to the current financial year are recognised as revenue. Subscriptions that relate to future periods are shown in the statement of financial position as subscriptions and fees in advance under the heading of 'Revenue received in advance'.

The amount paid by each member is fixed according to the category of membership chosen and the amount paid entitles the member to all benefits of membership to the Association. Membership is for a full year and is only cancellable in specific circumstances upon request.

NOTE 1 CONTINUED...

Where a request for cancellation is granted, a pro rata return of the subscription fee is granted less a cancellation fee or future remaining monthly instalments are cancelled upon the payment of a cancellation fee.

The provision of professional development courses and conferences

The Australian Physiotherapy Association runs professional development courses and conferences for members and non-members. The event will provide clinical or professional training for the attendee. A fixed price for each event is advertised depending on whether the purchaser is a member or non-member.

The revenue is recognised by the Australian Physiotherapy Association at the time of the running of the event.

The amounts paid by attendees are only refundable according to a refund policy set by the Australian Physiotherapy Association up to and prior to the running of the event.

The sale of advertising income

The Australian Physiotherapy Association publishes a number a publications for its members. Advertising space is sold to customers on a set annual rate card according to the size of the advertisement and the relevant publication that the advertisement is appearing in.

The revenue is recognised by the Australian Physiotherapy Association at the time the publication is published and made available to members.

The amounts paid by advertisers are only refundable according to a refund policy set by the Australian Physiotherapy Association up to a certain time prior to publication.

The provision of sponsorship agreements and the endorsement of commercially available products. The Australian Physiotherapy Association enters into sponsorship arrangements with companies where an agreed fee is received for the acknowledgement of that company in relation to agreed obligations, events or publications. The recognition of the revenue is done upon the performance of all contractual obligations set out within the commercial contract.

The Australian Physiotherapy Association receives revenue for the provision of an agreed logo to

be placed on certain products that stipulates that the Association has endorsed that product. The recognition of the revenue is done upon the performance of all contractual obligations set out within the commercial contract.

Interest income is recognised as interest accrued, taking into account the yield on the financial asset.

Income from investments is recognised in the period it is earned.

C. Income tax

Revenue from membership subscriptions and other member-generated income is not assessable income for the purpose of determining taxable income. Other income that is not generated by members is not sufficient to incur any income tax expense in the current or prior year reporting periods.

D. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued asset is identified, this is debited against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same class of asset.

E. Receivables

The terms of trade are 30 days from invoice date. Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less any allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for expected credit loss is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Expected credit losses are written off when identified.

F. Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided, and are recognised for the amount expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the

period in which the employees render the related service are recognised.

Long-term employee benefits

The liabilities for long service leave and annual leave that are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy any vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on corporate bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows attributable to employee benefits.

G. Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property

Freehold land and buildings including that classified as investment property are shown at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on periodic but at least triennial valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation reserve in equity unless those increases offset previous revaluation decrements taken to the profit or loss.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses. The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows which will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have not been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including building and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over their useful lives to the economic entity commencing from when the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of fixed assets	Depreciation method	Depreciation rate
Buildings	Straight line	2%
Leasehold improvements	Straight line	16%
Plant & equipment	Straight line	10-20%
Office furniture & equipment	Straight line	10-25%
Artworks	Straight line	2.50%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date

H. Investment property

Investment property is shown at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction) based on annual valuations by external independent valuers.

Changes in the value of investment property are recorded in profit or loss.

I. Leases

The entity as lessee

At inception of a contract, the entity assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of- use asset and a corresponding lease liability is recognised by the entity where the entity is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (ie, a lease with a remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Initially, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the entity uses the incremental borrowing rate.

NOTE 1 CONTINUED...

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are as follows:

- Fixed lease payments less any lease incentives.
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date.
- The amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees.
- The exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options.
- Lease payments under extension options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options.
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability as mentioned above, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, as well as any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the entity anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

I. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST. Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis except for the GST component of investing and financial activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

K. Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is the equivalent to the date that the Group commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (ie, trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of noncash assets or liabilities assumed is recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value through other comprehensive income

Equity instruments

The Company has a managed fund investment in listed and unlisted entities.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to classify these equity investments as fair value through other comprehensive income as they are not held for trading purposes.

These investments are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income (financial asset reserve). On disposal any balance in the financial asset reserve is transferred to retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI.

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Financial liabilities

The Company measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

L. Intangible assets

Course development

Course development is recorded at cost. Course development has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. It has an estimated useful life of between one and five years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

The amortisation rates for each class of intangible assets are:

Class of intangible assets	Amortisation method	Amortisation rate
Course development	Straight line	33.3%

M. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

N. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

Key judgements—long service leave
The calculation of the provision for long service
leave requires judgements to be made in relation
to the probability of providing and or paying
employees long service leave entitlements in future
periods. These judgements are made based on
historical information available and past experiences
within the Company.

Key judgements - lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when

ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the Company's operations; comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates; incurrence of significant penalties; existence of significant leasehold improvements; and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The Company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Key estimates—fair value assessments of land and buildings and investment property

The estimation of the fair values of investment properties are done at each reporting date using observable data on recent transactions and rental yields for similar properties. Real estate investments do not have quoted prices and when appropriate the directors use professional appraisals performed by independent, professionally qualified property valuers to base their estimates.

O. Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is current when: it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when: it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

P. Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that

NOTE 1 CONTINUED...

would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interest. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Q. Principles of consolidation

These are the financial statements of Australian Physiotherapy Association (the 'Company', the 'Association' or 'APA') and its controlled entities as described in Note 19 (collectively, the 'Group' or the 'Consolidated Group').

A controlled entity is any entity over which the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with that entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over that entity. All controlled entities have a reporting date of 31 December and accounting policies that are harmonised with that of the Company.

All transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation, including any unrealised gains or losses arising on transactions between Group entities. During the year there were no changes in the composition of entities that consolidated into the Group.

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NOTE 2-Parent information

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent and has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Statement of financial position	2024	2023
Statement of initialization	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets	18,750,261	18,161,913
Non current assets	8,981,980	8,900,758
Total assets	27,732,241	27,062,671
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	11,412,496	10,690,563
Non current liabilities	1,227,404	921,813
Total liabilities	12,639,900	11,612,376
Equity		
Reserves	2,473,885	2,127,380
Accumulated surplus	12,618,456	13,322,915
Total equity	15,092,341	15,450,295

Statement of comprehensive income

Total deficit attributable to the members	(717,511)	609,625
Total comprehensive income	(371,006)	2,299,378

Guarantees

A bank guarantee is held in relation to the leased premises located in New South Wales and Queensland. The value of the bank guarantee is \$218,200 and will be released upon termination of the lease agreement.

Contingent liabilities

The Company had no contingent liabilities.

Contractual commitments

As at 31 December 2024 the APA had arranged via its broker, BMS Risk Solutions Pty Ltd, for the purchase of a master professional indemnity insurance policy for its members for the 2025 financial year.

The APA is committed to a payment of \$6,934,909 to BMS Solutions Pty Ltd in March 2025 for the insurance premium, statutory charges and associated brokerage fees.

As at 31 December 2024, the Australian Physiotherapy Association had not entered into any contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

NOTE 3–Revenue	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue from operating activities		
Members' subscriptions	12,747,287	12,339,340
Advertising income	666,208	675,613
Sales of merchandise	21,772	29,359
Commissions, sponsorships & endorsements	716,497	667,769
Professional development & conferences	4,363,842	5,556,804
Donations received	78,375	531,493
Interest from financial institutions	520,534	476,509
Rent	40,505	51,918
	40,505	
Investment property revaluation		150,000
Sundry	350,335	327,509
Total revenue	19,505,355	20,806,314
Disaggregation of revenue	2024 \$	2023 \$
The disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as follows:		
Geographical regions		
Australia	19,505,355	20,806,314
Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point in time	21,772	29,359
Services transferred at a point in time	19,483,583	20,776,955
Total	19,505,355	20,806,314

NOTE 4-Surplus before income tax expenses

Surplus before income tax expense includes the following items:	2024 \$	2023 \$
Expenses		
Professional development & conferences	2,527,203	3,389,845
Employee benefits	10,604,070	10,146,990
Superannuation expense	1,002,139	904,221
Auditors remuneration		
—audit of financial report	38,000	36,050
Depreciation on non-current assets		
—buildings, plant and equipment	333,976	298,857
—right-of-use assets	267,304	274,658
Amortisation on intangible assets		
—course development	59,864	49,451
Rental expense on leases		
—minimum lease payments	15,502	14,533

NOTE 5-Cash and cash equivalents	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash on hand	867	867
Cash at bank	1,778,340	2,325,232
	1,779,207	2,326,099

NOTE 6-Financial assets	2024 \$	2023 \$
Fixed interest term deposits	11,881,896	11,346,630
Financial assets accounted for at fair value through other comprehensive income	5,895,076	5,329,177
	17,776,972	16,675,807

NOTE 7-Trade and other receivables	2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade debtors	158,038	195,625
Less provision for expected credit losses	(5,000)	(5,000)
	153,038	190,625
Other debtors	30,723	17,133
	183,761	207,758

NOTE 8 – Prepayments	2024 \$	2023 \$
Prepayments	625,414	538,507
	625,414	538,507

NOTE 9-Property, plant and equipment	2024 \$	2023 \$
Land & buildings at independent valuation	5,650,000	5,650,000
Less accumulated depreciation	(63,000)	=
	5,587,000	5,650,000
Total land & buildings	5,587,000	5,650,000
Plant & equipment at cost	683,071	669,271
Less accumulated depreciation	(410,794)	(396,429)
	272,277	272,842
Office furniture & equipment at cost	1,833,585	1,773,470
Less accumulated depreciation	(810,166)	(648,220)
	1,023,419	1,125,250
Artwork at cost	13,167	13,167
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,831)	(6,527)
	6,336	6,640
Total equipment	1,302,032	1,404,732
Total property, plant & equipment	6,889,032	7,054,732

A. Valuation of land and buildings

The value of land and buildings is based on valuation assessed by Charter Keck Cramer as per their report dated 30 December 2023.

B. Movements in carrying amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

Land & buildings

Balance at the beginning of the year	5,650,000	4,312,000
Revaluation	-	1,376,000
Depreciation expense	(63,000)	(38,000)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	5,587,000	5,650,000
Equipment		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,404,732	1,553,152
Additions	168,276	116,926
Disposals	_	(4,489)
Depreciation expense	(270,976)	(260,857)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	1,302,032	1,404,732
Total		
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,054,732	5,865,152
Additions	168,276	116,926
Disposals	-	(4,489)
Revaluation		1,376,000
Depreciation expense	(333,976)	(298,857)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	6,889,032	7,054,732

NOTE 10-Right-of-use assets

The Group's lease portfolio includes buildings. These leases have an average of 3.5 years as their lease

Options to extend or terminate

The option to extend or terminate are contained in several of the property leases of the Group. These clauses provide the Group opportunities to manage leases in order to align with its strategies. All of the extension and termination options are only exercisable by the Group. The extension options and termination options which were probable to be exercised have been included in the calculation of the right-of-use asset.

Right-of-use assets at cost	3,572,428	3,011,851
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,544,453)	(2,277,148)
Total right-of-use assets	1,027,975	734,703
Right-of-use assets		
Balance at the beginning of the year	734,703	1,009,361
Additions	560,576	-
Depreciation expense	(267,304)	(274,658)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	1,027,975	734,703
Total cash outflows for leases	338,087	404,116

NOTE 11-Intangible assets	2024 \$	2023 \$
Course development at cost	211,837	198,324
Less accumulated amortisation	(121,864)	(62,001)
Total intangible assets	89,973	136,323
Movements in carrying amounts		
Opening balance	136,323	64,758
Additions	13,514	121,016
Amortisation charge	(59,864)	(49,451)
Closing balance	89,973	136,323

NOTE 12-Investment property	2024 \$	2023 \$
Properties at fair value	975,000	975,000

The value of investment property is based on valuation assessed by Charter Keck Cramer as at 21 January 2025.

NOTE 13-Trade and other payables	2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade creditors	748,452	556,699
Other creditors and accruals	337,762	256,778
	1,086,214	813,477

All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing unsecured and payable at their maturity which is within 60 day terms.

OTE 14–Lease liabilities	2023	
	\$	\$
Current		
Lease liabilities	336,489	399,456
	336,489	399,456
Non-current		
Lease liabilities	944,319	658,863
	944,319	658,863
Future lease payments		
Future lease payments are due as follows:		
Within one year	359,092	409,650
One to five years	1,146,174	1,505,266
More than five years	_	-

NOTE 15-Provisions	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current		
Annual leave	585,581	598,877
Long service leave	1,081,290	1,035,879
	1,666,871	1,634,756
Non-current		
Long service leave	156,146	136,011
Make-good	126,939	126,939
	283,085	262,950

NOTE 16-Revenue received in advance	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current		
Members' subscriptions in advance	\$7,283,673	6,835,809
Course fees in advance	\$403,995	635,808
Commissions & endorsements in advance	\$10,000	10,000
	\$7,697,668	7,481,617

Members' subscriptions in advance has been recognised to the extent of the monies received before 31 December 2024. It does not reflect income due to be received from remaining instalments, where a member has elected to pay by instalments, across 2025.

NOTE 17–Other liabilities	2024 \$	2023 \$
Non-current		
Other liabilities	100,000	100,000
	100,000	100,000

A donation of \$100,000 to be held in perpetuity, was received in 2023. The interest earned from that donation is to be used to fund grants to researchers in the gerontology and neurology fields.

NOTE 18-Related party transactions

During the year, no material related party transactions were recorded.

Honorariums paid to the directors are disclosed in Note 20-Key management personnel compensation.

NOTE 19-Controlled entities	Principal activity	Place of incorporation	% Owned	% Owned
Parent entity:				
Australian Physiotherapy Association		Australia	-	-
Controlled entity:				
Physiotherapy Australia Pty Ltd	Dormant	Australia	100	100
Physiotherapy Research Foundation	Trust	Australia	100	100

The shares in the above companies are held by members of the Board of Directors on behalf of the Australian Physiotherapy Association except for the Physiotherapy Research Foundation.

The Australian Physiotherapy Association is the trustee company for the Physiotherapy Research Foundation.

NOTE 20–Key management personnel compensation	2024 \$	2023 \$
Total	661,454	694,385

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity. Key management personnel compensation includes remuneration of the CEO and reimbursements and honoraria paid to directors.

NOTE 21-Bank guarantees

A bank guarantee is held in relation to the leased premises located in New South Wales and Queensland. The value of the bank guarantees is \$218,200 and will be released upon termination of the lease agreement.

NOTE 22-Contingent assets and liabilities

The Company had no other contingent assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

NOTE 23–Contractual commitments

As at 31 December 2024 the APA had arranged via its broker, BMS Risk Solutions Pty Ltd, for the purchase of a master professional indemnity insurance policy for its members for the 2024 financial year. The APA is committed to a payment of \$6,934,909 to BMS Risk Solutions Pty Ltd in March 2025 for the insurance premium, statutory charges and associated brokerage fees.

NOTE 24-Financial risk management

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 Financial Instruments as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as per Notes 5—Cash and cash equivalents, 6—Financial assets, 7—Trade and other receivables and 13—Trade and other payables.

NOTE 25-Events after reporting period

There are no subsequent events to report.

NOTE 26-Company details

The registered office of the company is:

Australian Physiotherapy Association Level 1, 1175 Toorak Road Camberwell VIC 3124 ABN 89 004 265 150

Consolidated entity disclosure statement

The below list relates to entities that are in the consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2024, as required by the Corporations Act 2001s.295(3A)(a).

Name of entity	Body corporate, partnership or trust	Percentage share capital held by the Company %	Country of incorporation	Jurisdiction of tax residency
Physiotherapy Australia Pty Ltd	Body corporate	100	Australia	Australia
Physiotherapy Research Foundation	Trust	N/A	N/A	N/A

Basis of preparation

This consolidated entity disclosure statement has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001. It includes certain information for each entity that was part of the consolidated entity at the end of the financial year.

Determination of tax residency

Section 295 (3A) of the Corporations Act 2001 defines tax residency as having the meaning in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. The determination of tax residency involves judgement as there are currently several different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations-Australian tax residency

The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Tax Commissioner's public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5.

Partnerships and trusts

Australian tax law does not contain specific residency tests for partnerships and trusts. Generally, these entities are taxed on a flow-through basis, so there is no need for a general residence test. Some provisions treat trusts as residents for certain purposes, but this does not mean the trust itself is an entity that is subject to tax.

Additional disclosures on the tax status of partnerships and trusts have been provided where relevant.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Australian Physiotherapy Association

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Australian Physiotherapy Association (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Australian Physiotherapy Association, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the directors' report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd ABN 33 134 022 870 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of A.C.N. 050 110 275 Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO Audit Pty Ltd and A.C.N. 050 110 275 Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Directors' declaration

Med land

The directors of the Australian Physiotherapy Association declare that:

- The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 21 to 37, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2024 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Association and the Consolidated Group;
- In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Association will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 3. The consolidated entity disclosure statement on page 37 is true and correct.

The declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

29 April 2025

Mark Round
Chair of the Board

Rik Dawson
National President

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In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a) the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Act 2001 and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/media/apzlwn0y/ar3_2024.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Elizabeth Blunt Director

Melbourne, 29 April 2025

Notes Consolidated Consolidated The Physiotherapy Research Foundation 2024 2023 Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 \$ Income statement Income Donations 148 375 205 641 Interest 24.694 21,231 Managed fund distributions 48.904 35.258 35,000 46,379 Sponsorship Sundry 6,757 Total income 256.973 315,266 Expenditure Grants 82,685 131,156 Professional services 21,131 52,088 Marketing 789 Administration 197,038 148,828 **Total expenditure** 300,854 332,861 Operating surplus/(deficit) (43,881) (17,595)Unrealised gain on financial assets 61,761 59,964 Net gain on sale of financial assets 1.948 Total operating surplus/(deficit) 19,828 42,369 **Balance sheet** Current assets Cash & cash equivalents 55.949 80,476 Financial assets 1,601,796 1,552,432 11,032 Trade & other receivables 7,118 **Total current assets** 1,664,863 1,643,940 Total assets 1,664,863 1,643,940 Current liabilities Trade & other payables 31,582 30,487 Revenue received in advance 10,000 10,000 Total current liabilities 40,487 Non-current liabilities 100,000 100,000 Donation held in perpetuity Total non-current liabilities 100,000 100,000 **Total liabilities** 141,582 140,487 Net assets 1,523,281 1,503,453 Equity Accumulated surplus 1.448.220 1.492.101 11.352 Reserves 75.061 **Total equity** 1,523,281 1,503,453

Notes to accounts

1.	Donations:		
	APA members	52,555	58,900
	Australian Physiotherapy Association	70,000	140,000
	Other	25,820	6,741
		148,375	205,641
2.	Financial assets at the end of the year include:		
	Term deposit—National Australia Bank	450,675	504,725
	Managed fund—JBWere	1,151,121	1,047,707
		1,601,796	1,552,432

The financial statements of the Physiotherapy Research Foundation were consolidated into the financial statements of the Australian Physiotherapy Association.

